

Rehabilitation Tax Credit Program

INTRO TO REHAB TAX CREDITS

Owners often request information from our office on ways they can get financial assistance to rehab their historic properties. One of the most useful and successful programs to help them is the Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Incentive program. This program provides owners of an income-producing properties a tax credit (that's money back in your pocket) of up to 20% of qualifying rehab costs.



McConnell Building, Moscow

The Historic Rehabilitation Tax Incentive program is a joint program between the National Park Service (NPS), the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). The IRS regulates the financial and legal aspects of the program, such as total expenditures and filing. The **NPS** bases its approval on the historic integrity of the building, character defining features, and the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation (SOI for Rehab). The **SHPO** helps applicants through the process, evaluates prospective buildings for historic significance, identifies character defining features, and completes a preliminary review of the project. All pieces of the application are reviewed and processed via the SHPO and then forwarded to the NPS. SHPO acts as the liaison between the applicant and NPS. Please contact the IRS for taxspecific questions and regulations.



Drift Inn, Rupert

Any person, firm, partnership, limited liability corporation, or other business entity that owns a historic building may be eligible for the credit.

If you are interested in learning more about the program, please contact the State Historic Preservation Office at 208-488-7468.

PROGRAM BENEFITS

The most direct benefit is the owner's 20% tax credit for federal income taxes. This program is recognized as a catalyst for economic revitalization; it encourages investment, provides jobs, and keeps buildings on the tax rolls.

This program is often used by developers and/or property owners to make a project financially feasible. It is also a great tool for those who want to preserve and enhance the historic integrity of their properties, but need a little help to make the project "pencil out."

TYPICAL QUALIFYING WORK

The Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit program can cover a wide range of qualifying work.

 The tax credits apply to repairs to; walls, masonry, finishes, floors, ceiling, windows and doors, chimneys, stairs, and roofs;



Rehabilitation Tax Credit Program

- Components of HVAC systems, plumbing and fixtures, electrical wiring, and lighting fixtures;
- Elevators, sprinkler systems, fire escapes, and other mechanicals.

Landscaping, fencing, additions, garage rehabilitation or other work outside the historic building generally **do not** qualify.

QUALIFYING FOR 20% TAX CREDIT

1. The historic building must be individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places or be contributing to a "registered historic district."

Buildings must be listed in the National Register of Historic Places. Contact SHPO to find out if your building is listed.

You can request the NPS to designate your building a "certified historic structure" by completing and submitting Part 1 of the Application.

2. The project must meet the "substantial rehabilitation test."

All projects considering the Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit must involve a certain amount of investment, referred to as the "substantial rehabilitation test." This means that the cost of rehabilitation must exceed the pre-rehabilitation value of the building. The cost of a project must exceed the greater of \$5,000 or the building's adjusted basis. The following formula will help you determine if your project will be substantial:

A - B - C + D = adjusted basis

- A = purchase price of the property (building and land)
- B = the cost of the land at the time of purchase
- C = depreciation taken for an income-producing property
- D = cost of any capital improvements made since purchase



Simpson and Co. Building, Twin Falls

3. The rehabilitation work must be done according to the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.

These principles, when followed, ensure the historic character of the building has been preserved in the rehabilitation.

4. After rehabilitation, the historic building must be used for an income-producing purpose for at least five years. Owner-occupied residential properties do not qualify for the federal rehabilitation tax credit.

The 20% credit is available only to properties rehabilitated for income-producing purposes, including commercial, industrial, agricultural, rental residential, or apartment use. The credit cannot be used to rehabilitate your private residence.

For More Information Contact:

Jason Tippeconnic Fox, Tax Incentive Coordinator Idaho SHPO 210 Main Street Boise, ID 83702 JasonTippeconnic.Fox@ishs.idaho.gov (208) 488-7468