

IDAHO STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

REFERENCE SERIES

SECTIONAL ANALYSIS OF IDAHO POPULATION

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<u>Population</u>	<u>North Idaho</u>	<u>South- West</u>	<u>South- Central</u>	<u>South- East</u>	<u>Total</u>
1880	8,800	11,040	4,400	12,200	36,440
1890	24,465	19,437	14,032	26,451	84,385
1900	58,486	36,202	16,130	50,954	161,772
1910	106,360	79,591	49,590	90,053	325,594
1920	112,494	102,110	84,732	132,530	431,866
1930	119,940	108,350	83,512	133,230	445,032
1940	135,776	140,241	100,815	148,041	524,873
1950	142,164	175,860	108,889	161,724	588,637
1960	152,613	212,371	111,626	190,581	667,191
1970	165,220	235,089	110,520	201,179	713,008
1980	209,986	335,076	143,726	255,147	943,935
1990	216,792	375,148	147,863	266,946	1,006,749
<u>Percent</u>					
1880	24.2	30.3	12	33.5	100
1890	29	23	16.6	31.4	100
1900	36.2	22.4	10	31.4	100
1910	32.7	24.4	15.2	27.7	100
1920	26	23.6	19.6	30.7	
1930	27	24.3	18.8	29.9	100
1940	25.9	26.7	19.2	28.2	100
1950	24.2	29.8	18.5	27.5	100
1960	22.9	31.8	16.7	28.6	100
1970	23.2	33	15.5	28.2	
1980	22.2	35.5	15.2	27	
1990	21.5	37.3	14.7	26.5	100

In 1930 one person was assigned to Southcentral because source totals add up short.

In 1880 about 4,000 Indians (omitted from census figures) were allocated between North Idaho and Southeast. Within only a month or two after Idaho's census was enumerated early in June 1880, a mining rush to Wood River at least doubled Southcentral Idaho's proportion of territorial population, leaving close to 22% for North Idaho, a quarter for Southwest Idaho, and around 30% for Southeast Idaho.

Fractional division in computing 1920, 1970, and 1980 sectional portions leaves those totals a very small total shortage.

After 1880, Indians were no longer omitted from census enumeration, so allowance was made for that discrepancy to avoid distortion in comparing 1880 with later computations.

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